AIMS AND OBJECTIVES OF CHEMISTRY SYLLABUS

AIMS

The broad aims of this syllabus are that the students should be able to:

- 1. develop an interest in chemistry;
- 2. seek knowledge and enjoyment from the subject of chemistry;
- 3. develop an ability to think scientifically;
- 4. acquire an ability to perform experiment;
- 5. acquire an ability to solve problems;
- 6. observe accurately and objectively;
- 7. develop an awareness of the social, economical and technological implication of chemistry.

GENERAL OBJECTIVES

The general objectives of Chemistry syllabus are to:

- 1. enable learners to develop understanding science process skill and scientific attitude to appreciate chemistry as a changing and growing human activity;
- 2. be able to apply the knowledge and principles learned in explaining phenomena or solving problems related to chemistry;
- 3. enable learners to formulate opinions in solving community problems especially related to environment;
- 4. provide opportunities to understand social and economic issues related to chemistry;
- 5. prepare the students to adopt careers in chemistry based field of science and technology;
- 6. prepare the students for studies beyond higher secondary level;
- 7. develop imaginative and critical thinking;
- 8. develop self nutrition and the ability to work in a sustained fashion;
- 9. recognize the usefulness and limitations of scientific method and to appreciate the interrelationship between different disciplines.

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES

The syllabus content is based on the following specific objectives:

A. Knowledge, understanding and applications

Students should be able to:

- 1. understand certain useful facts, laws, principles, theories and concepts in chemistry;
- 2. communicate using and adequate chemistry vocabulary;
- 3. apply the knowledge and principles learned in explaining physical phenomena or solving problems related to chemistry;
- 4. understand the relevant applications of chemistry in society and in every day life;
- 5. use generalization and models to make predictions.

B. Practical Skills

Students should be able to:

- 1. follow sequence of instruction, learn techniques and safe handling of apparatus and chemicals;
- 2. observe and record experimental observations accurately;
- 3. interpret and evaluate observations and experimental data;
- 4. manipulate numerical and other data;
- 5. select appropriate apparatus to design experiments;
- 6. analyze and evaluate chemical information of a qualitative and quantitative nature and draw valid conclusions.

C. Attitudes

Students should be able to:

- 1. develop curiosity and interest in making scientific investigations;
- 2. accept that theories and models have both usefulness and limitations in making predications and describing physical phenomena;
- 3. develop personal integrity through objective observations and honest recording of experimental data;
- 4. cooperate with others in scientific inquiry;
- 5. show awareness of the moral, economic, political and social consequences of the applications of chemistry to meet human needs;
- 6. develop attitudes relevant to science such as inquiry and inventiveness.